

Total No. of Questions : 5

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**B.E. V Semester (CGPA) Civil Engg.
Examination 2017**

NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

Paper - CE-601

Time Allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

- Note : i) Attempt any two parts of each question.
ii) All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1. a) Define Absolute errors, Relative errors and Percentage errors. Round off the numbers .865250 and 37.46235 to four significant figures and compute absolute error, relative error and percentage error.

b) If $u = \frac{4x^2y^3}{z^4}$ and errors in x, y, z be 0.001, compute the relative maximum error in u when $x = y = z = 1$.

c) Write an algorithm and draw the flow chart to find the solution of Differential Equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x, y)$, $y(x_0) = y_0$ by modified Euler's method.

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- Q.2. a) Find a real root of the equation $3x + \sin x - e^x = 0$ by the method of false position correct to four decimal places.

b) Prove that Newton-Raphson's method is quadratic convergent.

c) Solve the equation $x^4 + 8x^3 + 39x^2 - 62x + 50 = 0$ by Bairstow's method starting with $p_0 = 0$ and $q_0 = 0$.

- Q.3. a) Estimate the missing term from the following table :

x:	0	1	2	3	4
y:	1	3	9	-	81

Why $f(x)$ differ from 3^x ?

- b) Use Stirling's formula to find y_{35} given that $y_{10} = 600, y_{20} = 512, y_{30} = 439, y_{40} = 346, y_{50} = 243$.

c) Find an approximate value of $\log_e 5$ by calculating to four decimal places, by Simpson's 1/3 rule, $\int_0^5 \frac{dx}{4x+5}$ dividing the range into 10 equal parts.

- Q.4. a) Use Euler's modified method compute y at $x = .1$ in 2 steps given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$ with $y(0) = 1$.

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- b) Using the Runge-Kutta fourth order method, find the value of y , when $x = 0.1$ and 0.2 , given the differential

equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ with $y(0) = 1$.

- c) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2(1+y)$ and $y(1) = 1$, $y(1.1) = 1.233$,
 $y(1.2) = 1.548$, $y(1.3) = 1.979$. Evaluate $y(1.4)$ by Milne's predictor-corrector method.

- Q.5. a) Solve by Partial pivoting, the equations :

$$2x + 2y + z = 12, 3x + 2y + 2z = 8, 5x + 10y - 8z = 10$$

- b) Solve by Gauss Seidel method :

$$20x + y - 2z = 17, 3x + 20y - z = -18,$$

$$2x - 3y + 20z = 25$$

- c) Solve the following system of equations by the method of triangularization :

$$x + 2y + 3z = 14, 2x + 5y + 2z = 18, 3x + y + 5z = 20.$$

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